AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application.

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Original) A method of managing memory, comprising: examining current

and future instructions operating on a stack; determining stack trend information; and

utilizing the trend information to reduce data traffic between various levels of a memory.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein determining the trend information

includes examining future instructions to determine if the size of the stack is going to

decrease as a result of future instructions.

3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein a predetermined number of

instructions are used in determining stack trend information.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the number of predetermined

instructions is at least two.

5. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the cache memory maintains a

single dirty cache line for stack data.

6. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein if a dirty cache line needs to be

written back, then analyzing the trend information, which includes determining which

word of the dirty cache line is going to be written to.

TI-35431 -9-

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the levels of memory comprise a

cache memory containing multiple cache lines and a main memory, and wherein the trend

information is used to restrict writing dirty cache lines from cache memory to main

memory when the trend information indicates the stack is decreasing.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein determining the trend information

includes examining future instructions to determine if the size of the stack is going to

increase as a result of future instructions.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein determining if a line is written

back includes analyzing the trend information and includes examining a dirty cache line

to determine which word of the dirty cache line is going to be written to.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the dirty cache line is written

from a cache memory to a main memory.

11. (Original) A computer system, comprising: a processor; a memory coupled

to the processor; a stack that exists in memory and contains stack data; a memory

controller coupled to the memory; trend logic; wherein the processor executes

instructions; wherein the trend logic provides trend information about the stack to the

controller; and wherein the trend information about the stack is based on at least one

future instruction.

12. (Original) The computer system of claim 11, further comprising an

instruction decoder comprising a first portion that decodes current instructions and a

second portion that decodes future instructions.

TI-35431 -10-

13. (Currently amended) The computer system of claim 12, wherein the

trend logic determines a net stack trend based on current instruction and future instruction

information coming from the decode<u>r-logie</u>.

14. (Currently amended) The computer system of claim 12, wherein the

second portion of the decoder is adjusted so that the number of future instructions that are

decoded equals at least two.

15. (Original) The computer system of claim 11, wherein the memory further

includes a cache memory containing multiple cache lines and a main memory, and

wherein the trend information is used to restrict writing dirty cache lines from cache

memory to main memory when the trend information indicates the stack is decreasing.

16. (Original) The computer system of claim 11, wherein the memory further

includes a cache memory and a main memory, and wherein the cache memory contains a

dirty cache line, and wherein the dirty cache line is written to main memory if the trend

information indicates the stack is increasing.

17. (Original) A method, comprising: issuing a write request to a cache memory,

wherein the cache memory includes multiple cache lines; determining whether the write

request refers to a predetermined word within a dirty cache line; and determining whether

the size of a stack is increasing or decreasing.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17, further comprising determining whether

the write request will be to the end of a dirty cache line.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the stack size is increasing and

the dirty cache line is written to a main memory.

TI-35431 -11-

20. (Currently amended) The method of claim 18, wherein the stack size <u>is</u> decreasing and the dirty cache line is retained in the cache memory.

TI-35431 -12-